

Unit #1: Data Analysis

Lesson #5

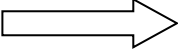
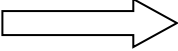
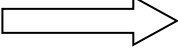
EQ:

- Terms to Recall:

❖ New Terms:

Generally, statisticians use a \_\_\_\_\_ to represent a \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_ letter, to represent one of its \_\_\_\_\_.

For example,

\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  probability that the \_\_\_\_\_ is  
 equal to a particular value, denoted by \_\_\_\_\_.

As an example, \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the \_\_\_\_\_ that the  
 \_\_\_\_\_ is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

❖ Consider flipping 2 coins. Possible outcomes \_\_\_\_\_

- Complete the table below, which associates each outcome with its probability.

Number of Heads    Probability

**Probability Distribution** --- a \_\_\_\_\_ or an \_\_\_\_\_ that links each  
 \_\_\_\_\_ of a statistical experiment with the \_\_\_\_\_ of its \_\_\_\_\_.

Probability Distributions describe what will \_\_\_\_\_ instead of what will \_\_\_\_\_.

Requirements for a Probability Distribution:

1.

2.

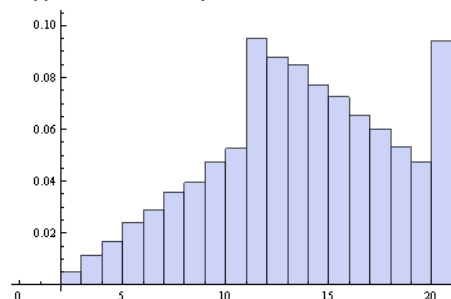
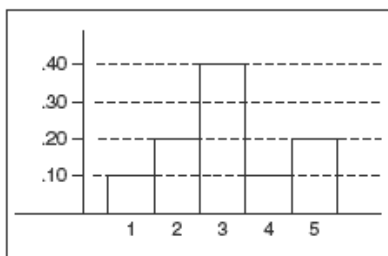
Ex. Is the following a probability distribution?  
State a reason for your answer.

$x$	$P(X = x)$
0	0.16
1	0.18
2	0.22
3	0.10
4	0.3
5	0.01

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3	0.10
4	0.3
5	0.04

Probability Histogram --- a histogram in which the \_\_\_\_\_ corresponds to the value of the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ represents the \_\_\_\_\_ of that \_\_\_\_\_ of the random variable.



- ❖ Complete In Class Practice Problems
- ❖ Assignment: Practice Worksheet Probability Distributions