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Unit 4: Sequences \& Series and Partial Sums Lesson 2: Arithmetic Sequences and Partial Sums EQ:

Recall: Find the $n^{\text {th }}$ term of an Arithmetic Sequence:

- Arithmetic Sequence ---
- What is the Explicit Formula for an Arithmetic Sequence?
$\qquad$ * $\qquad$ Form

$$
a_{n}=
$$

* 

$\qquad$ Form

Ex 1. Write the explicit formula for the sequence $\qquad$ Then find $\qquad$ ـ.

- What is the Recursive Formula for an Arithmetic Sequence? $\qquad$

Ex 2. The eighth term of an arithmetic sequence is 75 , and the twentieth term is 39 . Find the first term and the common difference. Give the recursive formula for this sequence.

* Find the $\qquad$ of an $\qquad$
- Generate Terms of an Arithmetic Sequence Two Ways:
$1^{\text {st }}$ way: Repeated $\qquad$ of $\qquad$ to the $\qquad$ term

$$
S_{n}=a_{1}+a_{2}+a_{3}+\ldots+a_{n-2}+a_{n-1}+a_{n}
$$

$\qquad$ of $\qquad$ from the $\qquad$ term

$$
S_{n}=a_{n}+a_{n-1}+a_{n-2}+\ldots+a_{3}+a_{2}+a_{1}
$$

RECALL: How can you solve systems of equations?

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
Add these two versions of $\qquad$ .

$$
\begin{aligned}
S_{n} & =a_{1}+\left(a_{1}+d\right)+\left(a_{1}+2 d\right)+\ldots+\left[a_{1}+(n-1) d\right] \\
+ & S_{n}
\end{aligned}=a_{n}+\left(a_{n}-d\right)+\left(a_{n}-2 d\right)+\ldots+\left[a_{n}-(n-1) d\right]
$$

## RECALL: What was our GOAL?

What do we do now?

So you have $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

Ex 3. Find the sum of the $\qquad$ integers $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ $. S_{n}=$ $\qquad$

The formula says we need to know $\qquad$ , the $\qquad$ term, and the $\qquad$ th term. Since we are asked to find the sum of the first $\qquad$ terms, $n=$ $\qquad$

Find first term: $a_{1}=$ $\qquad$
Find $10^{\text {th }}$ term: $a_{10}=$ $\qquad$
Now find $S_{10}=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$S_{n}=$ $\qquad$ What information do you need?
$n=$ $\qquad$ Find first term: $a_{1}=$ $\qquad$ Find $20^{\text {th }}$ term: $a_{20}=$ $\qquad$
$S_{20}=$ $\qquad$

- Finding the $\qquad$ partial sum of an $\qquad$ arithmetic sequence --- $\qquad$ of
the firs $\dagger$ $\qquad$ terms of an $\qquad$ sequence

Ex 5. Find the $\qquad$ of the arithmetic sequence $\qquad$
Step 1: State $\qquad$ formula

Step 2: Use explicit formula to find $\qquad$ term

Step 3: Use sum formula to find partial sum.

- Ex. 6 An auditorium has 20 rows of seats. There are 20 seats in the first row, 21 seats in the second row, 22 seats in the third row, and so on. How many tickets need to be sold to sell out this auditorium for an upcoming show?


To find the sum of all 20 rows, we need: $n=$ $\qquad$ $d=$ $\qquad$ and $a_{1}=$ $\qquad$
What is the explicit formula for this problem?
$a_{n}=$ $\qquad$

Find $20^{\text {th }}$ term: a20 $=$ $\qquad$ $S_{20}=$ $\qquad$

