

HW Section 8.1 p.523

13)  $X$  = number of children who have type O blood.

$B(5, .25)$      $n=5$      $p=.25$      $q=.75$

a)  $P(X=2) = {}_5C_2 (.25)^2 (.75)^3 = .2627$

\* binomial pdf (5, .25, 2)    The probability that exactly 2 out of 5 randomly selected children have type O blood is 26.27%.

b)

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
P(X)	.2373	.3955	.2637	.0879	.0146	.0010

c)  $\sum p(x_i) = 1$      $.2373 + .3955 + .2637 + .0879 + .0146 + .0010 = 1$

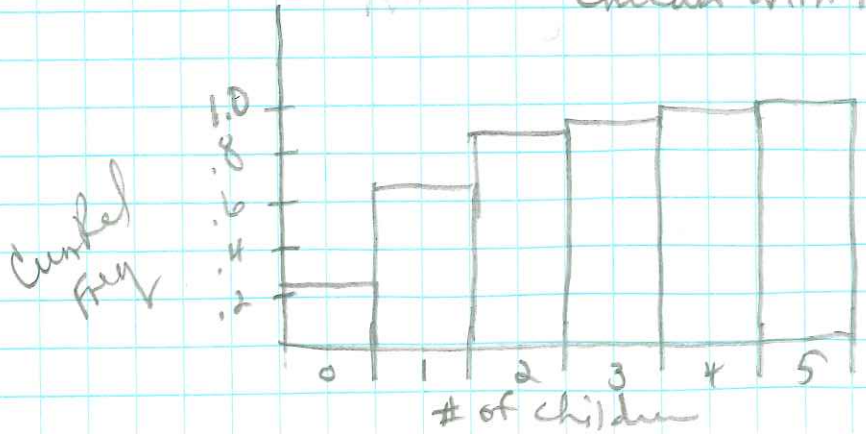
Children with Type O blood in a family of 5 children



e)

X	0	1	2	3	4	5
F(X)	.2373	.6328	.8965	.9844	.9990	1.000

Children with Type O Blood in Family of 5 children



⑭  $X = \#$  of questions answered correctly on 50 item true-false quiz  
 $n = 50$     $p = .5$     $q = .5$     $B(50, .5)$

a)  $P(X \geq 25) = .5561$

$${}_{50}C_{25}(.5)^{25}(.5)^{25} + {}_{50}C_{26}(.5)^{26}(.5)^{24} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{50}(.5)^{50}(.5)^0$$

OR  $1 - P(X \leq 24) = 1 - .4439 = .5561$    \*binomialcdf(50, .5, 24)

$$1 - [{}_{50}C_0(.5)^0(.5)^{50} + {}_{50}C_1(.5)^1(.5)^{49} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{24}(.5)^{24}(.5)^{26}]$$

There is a 55.61% probability that James answers 25 or more true-false questions correctly out of 50 questions.

b)  $P(X \geq 30) = .1013$

$${}_{50}C_{30}(.5)^{30}(.5)^{20} + {}_{50}C_{31}(.5)^{31}(.5)^{19} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{50}(.5)^{50}(.5)^0$$

OR  $1 - P(X \leq 29) = 1 - .8987 = .1013$    \*binomialcdf(50, .5, 29)

$$1 - [{}_{50}C_0(.5)^0(.5)^{50} + {}_{50}C_1(.5)^1(.5)^{49} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{29}(.5)^{29}(.5)^{21}]$$

There is a 10.13% probability that James answers at least 30 true-false questions correctly out of 50 questions.

c)  $P(X \geq 32) = .0325$

$${}_{50}C_{32}(.5)^{32}(.5)^{18} + {}_{50}C_{33}(.5)^{33}(.5)^{17} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{50}(.5)^{50}(.5)^0$$

OR  $1 - P(X \leq 31) = 1 - .9675 = .0325$    \*binomialcdf(50, .5, 31)

$$1 - [{}_{50}C_0(.5)^0(.5)^{50} + {}_{50}C_1(.5)^1(.5)^{49} + \dots + {}_{50}C_{31}(.5)^{31}(.5)^{19}]$$

There is a 3.25% probability that James answers at least 32 true-false questions correctly out of 50 questions.



⑮  $X = \#$  of questions answered correctly  
 $B(10, .25)$   $n=10$   $p=.25$   $q=.75$

a)  $P(X \geq 1) = .9437$

$1 - P(X=0)$

\* binomial pdf (10, .25, 0)

$1 - {}_{10}C_0 (.25)^0 (.75)^{10}$

b) Not a binomial distribution  $\rightarrow$  different probability from "trial" (question) to "trial".

$P(X \geq 1) = 1 - P(X=0)$

$\uparrow$  means every question is wrong

$P(X=0) =$

$2/3 \cdot 3/4 \cdot 4/5$

$1 - .4 = .6$

$= 2/5 = .4$

The probability that Erin gets at least 1 question correct is 60%.

⑯ • Set # of trials  $\rightarrow n=100$  children

• Success  $\rightarrow$  parent incarcerated

• Failure  $\rightarrow$  parent not incarcerated

a) • Independent  $\rightarrow$  one child's response independent of next child

•  $p=.02$

$B(100, .02)$

b)  $P(X=0)$  prob. that none of the selected 100 children has a parent in jail.

$P(X=0) = {}_{100}C_0 (.02)^0 (.98)^{100} = .1326$  \* binomial pdf (100, .02, 0)

The probability that 0 out of 100 randomly selected children have a parent in jail is 13.26%.

$$P(X=1) = {}_{100}C_1 (.02)^1 (.98)^{99} = .2707 \quad \text{binomialpdf}(100, .02, 1)$$

The probability that exactly 1 child out of 100 randomly selected children has a parent in jail is 27.07%.